

Ambient Biological Monitoring Network (AMNET)

In 1992, a network of over 800 stream sites was initiated in New Jersey to provide long-term biological data reflecting the quality of surface waters throughout the State. Designed and conducted by the Bureau of Freshwater and Biological Monitoring, the Ambient Biomonitoring Network (AMNET) program routinely samples and analyzes aquatic macroinvertebrate populations at each site, employing USEPA-developed Rapid Bioassessment (RBP) methods to provide an index of stream water and habitat quality.

Biomonitoring programs, including both ambient and intensive surveys, were initiated by the NJDEP because the micro and macro flora and fauna of various trophic levels can integrate the effects of water quality changes over time, thus making them efficient pollution indicators. Macroinvertebrates, largely benthic (bottom-dwelling) organisms, provide a primary, cost-effective biomonitoring tool. These organisms are ubiquitous in distribution, more stationary than fish but less transient than algae and other microscopic communities, and they are easily collected and quantified.

Establishment of the AMNET system in 1992 was facilitated by USEPA's introduction of the RBP protocols; protocols which decreased the per station level of effort so that biological surveys with large number of sites could be completed with less resources. Sites in each Water Region (Upper Delaware, Northeast, Raritan, Atlantic, and Lower Delaware) are sampled on a five-year rotational basis to allow time for recovery from possible environmental impacts, and to establish trends in water and habitat quality. The data generated by AMNET contribute substantially to NJDEP's preparation of the Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report (305b water quality report and 303d impaired waterbodies list). The information is also key in selecting waterbodies for increased C1 antidegradation protections.

A summary of results from the most recently completed round of AMNET sampling is shown below. Actual results may be found on the Bureau of Freshwater & Biological Monitoring's webpage: www.state.nj.us/dep/wmm/bfbm/publications.html

AMNET Round 2 Statewide Data Summary

Year	Water region	Non- impaired	Moderately impaired	Severely Impaired	Total # sites
1998	Upper Delaware	80 (58.0%)	57 (41.3%)	1 (0.7%)	138
1998	Northeast	38 (36.9%)	59 (57.3%)	6 (5.8%)	103
1999	Raritan	57 (35.2%)	90 (55.6%)	15 (9.2%)	162
2000	Atlantic Coastal	75 (35.2%)	115 (54.0%)	23 (10.8%)	213
2001	Lower Delaware	31 (15.7%)	139 (70.6%)	27 (13.7%)	197
	Totals:	281 (34.6%)	460 (56.6%)	72 (8.8%)	813

Percent Change in Rating Between Round 1 (1992-1996) and Round 2 (1997-2001) sampling



